

Gladstone's Followers Still Far Apart.

The Irish Factions Hard to Reconcile on Any Measure.

**Political Capital Being Made Out of
Farmers' Troubles.**

How Englishmen Regard the Coming Monetary Conference—Efforts to Secure a Compromise on a Basis

By Telegraph to The Times.

by the New York Associated Press. When Gladstone, soon after taking the reins of office, held a conference with

gave them the distinct impression that the forthcoming bill of the Liberal government would provide for a full repre-

perial Parliament. The progress of the bill in the Cabinet councils during the present week has darkened the pros-

ists. Supporters of the ministry say that the Cabinet is discussing favorably a clause to retain Irish representation

ber of members entitled to vote on imperial questions only from 103 to 71 under the new scheme of redistribution.

ANOTHER POINT OF DIFFERENCE.
Another point, regarding which the

collision with the ministry, is the decision that the imperial Parliament shall by a two-thirds majority, have power to

Parliament. The Irish Nationalists demand that the sole right to veto such bills be vested in the crown, under d

McCarthyites are better pleased with the amendments giving the Irish Parliament control over the police and judiciary and the liberal provisions

g under the existing purchase act a exhausted.
Both Liberal and Conservative wir

tage in the agitation springing up because of the depression in agriculture to form a farmers' party. The demands made include readjustment of the rate

farmers pay for their holdings; the reformation of land courts, reduction of tithes and income taxes, and a reform of the game laws. Farmers are now having

generation, and are seeking relief in immediate legislation on these lines.

THE SILVER CONFERENCE.

etary conference is fully made up, it is evident that the advocates of the single standard are in a majority. England

send delegations having a preponderance of mono-metallists. Yet the growing belief in London financial circles that the conference will effect some

The president of the Institute

ferred to the currency question as gently demanding reasonable settlement. The duty of the government,

the existing difficulties. They could never be met by theoretic discussion. This declaration had great significance as a distinct advance on

The attitude of the English delegate is expected to guide the decisions to a great degree. They have as yet

reported the government is considering suggestions by influential firms in Manchester, Liverpool and London.

countries taking silver coins at par the silver countries giving in return reductions in tariffs. A leading ex-

correspondent that reciprocity upon silver coinage basis would be impracticable.

The Last of His Race.
(Chicago Tribune.)
While the crowd last Friday
surging along one of the princ

direction of Jackson Park, filling street from sidewalk to sidewalk stretching north and south as far as

man with one end of his shirt co
loose and flying in the air, was
wildly making his way through
ground in the opposite direction

staring and he had the general appearance of a somnambulist in a nightmare. "Let me get through," he said,

new
break
free

"Where are you trying to go?"
manded a policeman who had blo
his passage.

He was the only surviving Wh was-at-the-Centennial man.

A Remedy for Ants.
[M. C. Allen in Pomona Progress.]
I wonder if any of your readers

hours a remedy for them. A piece of t
87th emetic, a little larger than a pea, m
ated with about one tablespoonful of h

ants can get at it, will drive away. On application of the first the pests will leave. It is best to the mixture in the house where the

return for the second dose, but you be sure they will not call the time. One should recollect all the

be handled accordingly. I think
cents worth of the drug will drive
ants from any house in California
keep them away for a year at least.

Extremes Meet.
[Chicago Inter Ocean.]
"Mr. Bragg tells me that you

Mrs. Bragg. "Yes, I truly did."
"But I see you are going on cru
Were you hurt?"

The Electioneer mare Coral

before Stockton, Cal., last year, was pa
t was up and given a time record of 2
rpool. last week. She is a sister to A

al na- | gives Columbine three represent
in the 2:20 list.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.
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Liberty and Law!
Security to American homes!
Protection to American industries!
Encouragement to American capital!
American commerce and honest money!
A free ballot and a fair count!
Reciprocity and the Old Flag!

NATIONAL REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

For President, BENJ. HARRISON.
For Vice-President, WHITELAW REID.

FELLOW-REPUBLICANS! Get into line!

Nobody can say to Jerry Simpson:
"Go to it, old socks!"

Gentlemen, rush in your roobacks—the time is getting short.

That's right, stuff the jails with the stuffers! Scrouge 'em in!

Grover's hide will soon be dangling on the fence, full of holes.

Get your shotguns ready for the man who says: "I told you so!"

The early bird catches the best chance to get in his vote. BE PREVIOUS.

The rubber stamp is a silent little cuss, but oh, my! don't he get there!

The buzzards at Buzzard's Bay are soaring in anticipation of a square meal.

If any man attempts to lug off that rubber stamp, stamp on him on the spot.

Just fancy the spectacle when Grover drops next Tuesday with one of those thuds!

FELLOW-CITIZENS! do not be humored with a rusty grip-sack full of wildest money.

Now, gentlemen, jump a-straddle of Grover and Adlai and hammer them into the ground.

The Tammany tiger will be fed next Tuesday. Watch him licking his chops in anticipation!

Now, then, all together—and over goes the Stuffed Prophet, clear out of American politics!

GROVER CLEVELAND, posing as the soldier's friend is enough to make a horse laugh. Ha! ha! ha!

They probably stuffed the Great Register so it would make the appearance of the Stuffed Prophet.

NEXT TUESDAY "the dirty beggars" will do a little slapping in the face themselves. Watch out, fat prophet!

Put away the gaudy halo.
That Saint Grover was wont to wear;
He'll soon feel himself blamed lucky
That he's even wearing hair.

VOTERS! If you want to have a hand in kiboshing the substitutes, go to the booths early and wrestle with that rubber stamp.

It is our hoodoo keeps on working this way, people will come miles to see its left shoulder blade. Keep your eye on it next Tuesday.

ANYBODY overstocked with nails can probably do business with County Treasurer Babury, who is at present nailing his night and day.

Our friends, the Populists, are eager to borrow money at 2 per cent, but has any one seen any of them that want to loan at that rate?

LET not the festive Democrat in New York monkey with the Federal buzz saw. If he does he will get ripped right up the back and his brains will drop out.

LOS ANGELES has just voted to adopt a policy of progression which will lead to prosperity in home affairs. Now let her vote protection and prosperity in national affairs.

WHEN it comes to claiming things and chasing rainbows the Democrats are the boss; but the rubber stamp and the anal inkpad will be their undoing next Tuesday—dead sure.

The Star-eyed Goddess of Louisville, Kentucky, will find out next Tuesday what a good guesser her old man is. Keep your eye on that slaughter-house; also that open grave.

ADLAI, you have been a great big joke. We have had barrels of fun with you, and there will be a vacancy when we finally get you laid away on the shelf. Now, sober up, and try and keep that a-way.

KANSAS was bleeding again Thursday night, and it was all about that fose. Mrs. Lease got loose in the midst of the ruction, and things popped at a terrific rate. The old State is all safe for the Republican ticket, however, by about twenty-five thousand majority.

FRANK M. KELSEY, the Republican candidate for Public Administrator, is a live man, with a great capacity for business, and will make an ideal officer in the position to which the people are about to elect him. He has been a resident of Los Angeles for several years, coming here from Stockton, and no man stands higher in this community. He should certainly poll as large a vote as any man on the ticket. Be very careful to print a cross opposite his name with the little stamp.

Republicans of the Southern

REPUBLICANS! save the Harrison electoral ticket, no matter what other political flitting you may do.

Put away the keen-edged broadaxe, with its dull and slinking thud; Adlai! never need it longer—Adlai—now called Dennis Mod.

SOLDIERS of 1861 and 1865! the cause and the country saved by your valor, patriotism and endurance still look to you for support. Do your duty on November 8!

REPUBLICANS! whatever else you do, do not fail to take up your cross and put it opposite the group of Republican electors. The Presidential ticket must be saved at any cost.

FALSE naturalization, no matter by whom or in whose interest, must be prevented and punished, or the law is overridden, the franchise polluted, and our liberties jeopardized.

THE Democrats seek to revive the old State bank system and the wildcat currency that prevailed before the war. This is no time for a reactionary policy and a return to chaos in finance.

THE issues before the people are substantially the same as four years ago. The Democratic party was then put on the defensive. It is still on the defensive. It is always either on the defense or on the fence—or in the mud.

READ the speech of great John Sherman on money. It is the utterance of an honest statesman with a massive brain, and the most thorough acquaintance with the American fiscal system of any living American.

"LIFE is real; life is earnest!" The government of a great country must be in touch with the spirit of the times. Can the tariff-tinkering, wildcat-banking, calamity-howling, rainbow-chasing Democratic party claim this quality?

THE fundamental idea of nullification in 1832 was free trade; one of the clauses in the Confederate constitution established free trade; the solid South today demands free trade. Vote against nullification, secession and free trade.

THE Republican party has the nerve to demand that every American citizen, white or black, shall have the privilege of going to the polls and depositing an untrammeled ballot. If you are a true American at heart, you will vote to sustain this policy.

THE nominees on the Republican ticket represent those principles which have made the United States prosperous above every other nation on the globe. Shall we have Protection and American prosperity, or Free Trade and English depression?

"OLD HICKORY," one of the fathers of the Democratic party, downed Nullification in 1832; "Old Abe" and his army of patriots downed Secession in 1864, and the Republican party will down Free Trade in 1892. Wherever the dyed head pops up, hit it!

CLEVELAND, while President of the United States, made more vetoes than all of his predecessors put together, and the great majority of his vetoes cut off the pensions of old soldiers or their dependent relatives. The old soldiers have no cause to like Cleveland or to vote for him.

THE shout against the Force Bill in the South is because the South wishes to disfranchise the negro voter and continue the system of oppression and fraud which has made the South solid for the Democratic party. Vote for the party that dares to maintain a free ballot and a fair count.

THE policy of reciprocity means the extension of our trade abroad. This means greater activity in our factories, greater trade for our merchants, more employment for laboring men and increased prosperity all along the line. Vote for American prosperity as against the world. Vote the Republican ticket!

It has been urged that the Democratic party is not so radical as it represents itself in its platform—that it declares against Republican protection, but would not give us Democratic free trade if it should come into power. Then the Democratic party does not mean what it says. It is unsafe to trust a quibbler.

That speaking flag that floats over the soil of this masterful and triumphant Republic is the flag of protection. It means protection to every citizen; and the system of protection to American industries means the greatest good to the greatest number of our own people, without reference to the overcrowded and low-priced labor of lands beyond the sea.

"A TARIFF for revenue only" means the utter destruction of the American protective system, and the adoption, in its stead, of English free trade. American workmen, who enjoy the best wages, the greatest privileges and the most comforts of any of the laboring classes of the world, this means your undoing! Don't vote the Democratic ticket!

What has the laboring man to expect from free trade? That American wages are to be reduced, in time, to the level of wages in Europe. And what is to compensate the laboring man for this reduction? The Democrats say his expenses will be cut down enough to compensate for it. It is a dubious experiment. Men who work with their hands will be slow to try it.

THE Republican party is a positive party; the Democratic party a negative party. The Republican party builds up, while the Democratic party seeks to tear down. The Persians tell that on each side of the ruler of the universe sits a son. The one on the right is always ready to lend words of aid and encouragement to struggling humanity. The one on the left utters only one word—"Perhaps!" That is about the position which the Democratic party occupies today.

Counties! You can save the

"A FREE ballot and a fair count" is what no honest man of any party should object to. This is all the terrible Republican Force Bill demands.

THE tiger will roar.
The boys will shout,
Grover and Adlai,
Oh, get out!

THAT British Minister who went out of the country for fear some trap-setting Yankee would banish him with a fool letter is a wily cuss. We'd have got him sure if he hadn't skipped out.

REPUBLICANS of the Southern counties! save California to the Republican column, as you have done before. Pride, patriotism and duty alike call upon the Old Guard to rally on the 8th of November.

A vote for Harrison and Reid means a vote for a continuance of the prosperity which we now enjoy. A vote for Cleveland and Stevenson indorses a leap in the dark, the result of which none can foretell.

THE Union army of 1861 was a force bill which law-breakers and rebels hated and tried to defy, but tried in vain. The laws of 1892 are no more to be set at defiance than was the Constitution of 1861.

FREE trade and free banking are the Democratic pass words this year. Freely translated, they mean pauperism and bankruptcy. Not a very attractive bill of fare, this, to put before the American voter who is not an Anarchist or a fool.

THERE are some Federal officials in California who are not entitled to much respect; but Republicans do not refuse to vote the ticket on that account. Such a reason would be inadequate. The Federal official is sometimes mere froth, who can be skimmed off next time.

TO DEFEAT the principle of protection to American industries now would be to throw the country back for years industrially. Intelligent voters! do you mean to permit the Democratic Bourbons to come into power again—the Bourbons, who "learn nothing and forget nothing?"

THE three Republican candidates for Superior Messrs. Francisco, Stockwell and Hay, deserve election over their Democratic opponents, who are supported, secretly or openly, by the Liquor League. Sober citizens! stick a pin there and jam a cross down opposite the Republican names.

MEX OF CALIFORNIA!—men who have watched through all the years of your manhood the magnificent growth of the Great Republic—take no new political departure in this year of 1892! Follow no strange political gods into unknown political by-ways that lead to deadly pitfalls! Stay with the Republican party!

THE McKinley bill carried to its logical conclusion means untold good to the United States and to its people. Results already achieved under its operation tell the story, in part only, of what we may expect in the years before us. The people will sustain "Bill McKinley and his little bill" at the polls next Tuesday.

THE People's party is of mushroom growth. It is made up of impracticables and visionary theorists, who make the mistake of thinking that the people can all be made rich by the turning of a Government crank and grinding out fiat money. It can't be done! Money is not wealth in the first place; but wealth is labor stored up.

REPUBLICANS OF THE OLD GUARD! remember your allegiance, and swing into line once more: march again in the solid columns along with your gallant compatriots all over the Union—along with the men who followed Lincoln and Grant, Sherman and Sheridan, Meade and Thomas on that immortal road that led to victory and a restored Union!

YOUNG MAN!—you who have pride in your political virtue—don't listen to the siren song of the harlot Democracy, with her bedraggled skirts and lascivious leer, as she tries to entice you into her political "joint." Keep on the main-traveled road of Republicanism, and don't wander off into side alleys after strange goddesses, either Democratic or Populite.

YOUNG VOTER!—you who will cast your first ballot in a national election next Tuesday—look well to your contemplated act! Begin aright. If you vote the Democratic ticket you will be going wrong! Modern Democracy is not enlightenment; it is not progress; it is retrogression and Bourbonism with a head onto it and a Kentucky odor hanging around it.

Who wants wildcat money again? And yet the Democratic party has advocated in its platform a return to the unstable basis. It is true the party is ashamed of its plank and has tried to ignore it. It is true that Cleveland overlooked this question in his letter of acceptance. But it stands there as one of the cardinal principles of the party just the same. Who wants a party or a candidate ashamed of the platform?

Why should the farmers of California, who raise best and barleys, and oranges, and prunes, and raisins, and fruits of various kinds, vote the Populist ticket? The third party is as pronouncedly against a protective tariff as the Democracy, and it is today in half partnership with that organization.

The farmer who votes either the Democratic or the Populist ticket votes to cut off the State of California from the Eastern markets and to turn those markets over to foreign producers—the barley-raisers of Canada, the sugar-producers of South America and Europe, to the orange-growers of Italy and Sicily, to the raisin-makers of Spain, to the prune-growers of France. Why should the California farmer vote to impoverish himself?

Electoral Ticket of California

FALSE registration, no matter by whom or in whose interest, must be exposed and punished if we are to preserve the purity of the franchise.

THIS is no time for harbor questions to come injecting themselves into the arena. Wait until we do up the Stuffed Prophet and the gory Adlai, and then we will be prepared to sock our dragger into other topics.

PRINCIPLES are above men, and the Republican party is a party of principles. For this reason, those Republicans who had another choice for President will be found voting for Harrison, Reid and Protection, on Tuesday next.

THE American tariff system is the crystallization of the thought, study, knowledge and experience in political economy of a century. It is the work of statesmen aiming to build up a great country. It is good. It should endure.

The solid South before the war was in favor of free trade and slave labor; the solid South today demands the lost cause and demands that American labor shall be degraded to the level of European labor. And yet the Democratic party, controlled by the solid South, has the ineffable gall to say that it is the friend of American labor.

GROVER, see de black cloud risin' over yonder.
Lor'dy! but dere gwine to be a storm.
Yes, it is dere voters' gettin' good and ready for to dance on your may for form.

Look out dere, now! they're gwine to stamp!

Look out dere! don't you understand!

Free trade it has fallen, yes, indeed, it's fallen.

And "Teection gwine to occupy de land."

F. B. COLVER.

The candidate for County Auditor on the Democratic ticket is named F. B. Colver. He is a good man for citizens, without reference to party, to vote against.

He has been an active member of the loud-mouthed, despotic, intermeddling, boycotting "Council of Labor" of this city, which for so many months was engaged in a lawless and criminal raid upon the occupations and property and personal rights of honorable businessmen and women. That pestiferous organization and the usurping Federated Trades of San Francisco arrogated to themselves the right to assess working people in Los Angeles to raise money to pay the expenses of vile and repeated assaults upon the very employers of the working men and women who were so assessed; and Colver was one of the men who helped to bring about the boycott, because he had not the nerve or the sense of justice to cut himself loose from the gang who decreed the lawless crusade. A man who seeks office must be able to show that he has been an obedient respecter of the Constitution and laws which he will be called upon to swear allegiance to before he can take office.

Vote for Colver's Republican opponent!

Facts for Voters to Remember.
[New York Press.]

The call to arms to defend the life of the Nation brought no response from Grover Cleveland. He waited until the Government seized him by the draft, and then hired a substitute to face danger for him.

As president he vetoed the "Dependent Pension bill."

He refused to sign 524 special pension acts which had been passed, after due examination in committee, by both houses of Congress.

He accompanied his vetoes in scores of instances with cowardly sneers at the helpless applicants, remarking in one case that "whatever else may be said of this claimant's achievements during his short military career, it must be conceded that he has accumulated a great deal of disability," and in another that "the number of instances in which those of our soldiers who rode horses during the war were injured by being thrown forward upon their saddles indicate that the saddles were very dangerous contrivances."

He passed by the Union veterans in his own party and appointed men who had borne arms against the Nation as United States ministers to Russia, Japan, Italy, Austria, Mexico, Greece, Columbia, Brazil, Venezuela, Peru and Paraguay. He appointed ex-Confederates as consuls-general to China, Brazil, Australia and Russia.

He did all in his power to enforce the surrender of the Confederate battle flags against the will of the brave men who had bought them with their blood.

He consistently favored ex-Confederates and perpetuated throughout his administration the expense of the men who fought to preserve the Union.

What veteran can read this record and vote for the politician who in all his career has shown himself the malignant foe of the Union soldier and the cause he represents?

Are You Ready?
[New York Press.]

The Press is in a position to state, with certain knowledge, wherever it affirms, that orders for new machinery and contracts for factory extensions and new plants, aggregating many hundreds of thousands of dollars, have been placed contingent on Harrison's election. If Cleveland wins, the month of November will see practically every dollar of these orders and contracts canceled. That will mean a business contraction and the inauguration of a period of industrial stagnation such as has been rarely experienced in our history. Paralysis of industry falls with most blighting effect on the homes of the wage earner. Are you ready for it?

"The Rapid Growth of a Great State."
[The Ojai.]

The Los Angeles Times, on October 21—Columbus day—issued an elaborate, prepared, intensely interesting 28-page number. The number was profusely illustrated, and told the whole story, which is all it possibly could have done. Four of the pages were printed on book paper, and were nearly covered with expensive photographs.

THE LOS ANGELES TIMES, in this and its many preceding special editions, is representative of the enterprise and growth of Southern California. It is a great newspaper keeping abreast with the rapid growth of a great State.

"The Humble."
[Monrovia Messenger.]

We still hear the rumble caused by the Southern California Thunderer's Columbian Day edition. There is no more enterprising newspaper in the State than the LOS ANGELES TIMES.

to Gen. Harrison! Will you do it?

LETTERS TO THE TIMES.

Concerning Mr. Dillon as a Kaveah Colony Attorney.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 4.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES:] Dillon? Dillon? Who is Dillon?

The writer echoes back: "He is the man who is trying to play Benedict Arnold—traitor!" I was one of the sufferers in the Kaveah Colony scheme. Through the dazzling advertisement sent out by the Colony Company, I sacrificed everything I had possessed in De Kalb county, Ill., and moved to Tulare county. In a few words, I lost everything I had. The colony, through Haskell & Haskell, and Dillon, assessed us as assessed until I could stand it no longer, and my all was sacrificed, and the remnant is in the hands of the Tulare sheriff. Today I am a laborer in your beautiful city, as such, caution every owner of a home—be it city or country home! to beware of Dillon, the treacherous monster who will ruin and deceive you! For reference, I refer you to the Sheriff of Tulare county. A vote for Dillon is a vote for treason and spoils.

KAVEAH COLONY.

The Educational Qualification.

REPLY TO JUDGE BUCKLES.

PARADISE, Nov. 4.—[To the Editor of THE TIMES:] The article of Judge Buckles in your paper of the 4th is rather surprising. It could be expected from some sources, but hardly from a gentleman such as he. It is a defense of ignorance, and sets a premium thereon. The time can never arrive too soon when an educational qualification, such as that of a citizen, is asked to vote an expression upon next Tuesday, and which Judge Buckles opposes so lengthily.

adoption. But, notwithstanding the Judge's position, he offers no argument in its support, and the chief reasons therein urged consist in an objection to curtailing the privileges of the negroes existing. Now, to my mind, if the framers of our first Constitution indulged in any mistakes they surely did when they granted an unqualified right for all citizens to vote.

A government such as ours, requiring as it does the exercise of wise individual intelligence and a comprehension to some extent of the many political and economic issues that constantly arise for the voter's attention, surely requires of those who shape its destiny at least intelligence, and knowledge as may be expected of those who can read and write.

What native-born male or female of this country has not had at least educational opportunities sufficient for this purpose?

If such unfortunately exist, he must have sojourned in the progress of the world, and the controlling events of life, should he continue to live in such ignorance, and the loss of his vote can be no injury to this Republic's progress.

How can Judge Buckles assert that no one has the will of the people been perverted by the ignorance of voters? Does he mean to say that intelligent voters are no better than the unintelligent? Is it not a fact that the grossest ignorance, the vicious and mendacious population, the pauper foreigner, the "beeder," the school, and the political trickster, who wishes to purchase votes, expects to and does find them among this class?

It can do no harm politically and socially if the few natives of America who are, unfortunately, unable to read and write, are restricted in the important right of suffrage. On the other hand, it would be a fortunate proposition were the ignorant foreigner—or native too, let us say—given an incentive to become an intelligent factor in political affairs, or cease to voice an ignorant opinion. The voter of today depends considerably upon the newspaper for his political information, and his convictions are usually moulded thereby. He is a poor tool who depends upon this knowledge second hand.

I fully agree with Judge Buckles that an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, such as that proposed, to compel all foreigners desiring to become naturalized that they should be required to read and write in English language, the Representative in Congress who proposes such an amendment will have the sympathy and gratitude of hundreds of thousands of good people of this Republic.

The expression asked of the voters of California covers precisely this ground, and more, for it demands that all voters, regardless of their nationality, shall be of the same qualification. How can any one favoring the first proposition oppose the latter? In this land of public schools there can exist no reasonable excuse for ignorance of the primary educational features, and we believe that most States now exact that much of a man.

It should be the ambition and aim of all Americans to have our great Republic continue in its present rapid progress. It must necessarily depend upon the intelligence and enlightenment of its citizens for such progress. The wisest judgment, the most righteous law, and the noblest character and more will be demanded of our legislators and by its citizens to make its political and moral development and growth its remarkable physical growth. The intelligent citizen must be responsible for this. Let him not be hampered by the unlettered and the vicious.

J. W. WOOD.

POLITICAL POINTS.

In a year of business prosperity, as 1892 is, the Democracy has never been known to win an election.—[St. Louis Globe-Democrat.]

Under the reciprocity provided for in the McKinley law our foreign export trade has increased more than 27 per cent. Still the Democrats say that reciprocity is a sham.—[Cleveland Leader.]

The business men in England are all solid for Mr. Cleveland, and they have very excellent reasons for being so. It will help their trade. The business men of America are for Harrison.—[New York Recorder.]

The result thus far is that the protective tariff itself has broken down under the morass of combinations and monopolies which have been destroyed by any or all laws, State or national, aimed directly at them.—[New York Tribune.]

During the first six months of 1892 there was a falling off of 329,736 tons in the production of British steel rails. England has free raw materials, which free-traders say are so essential to the prosperity of American industries.—[Troy Times.]

It is time decent Democrats in the North protested against intolerance and intimidation in the South. It is no longer a question of "negro domination," it is a question of liberty and personal security to white voters and speakers.—[Topeka Capitalist.]

Sugar is 2 cents a pound cheaper than it was two years ago, says Speaker Crisp. And it is cheaper because the McKinley tariff law puts it on the free list. That is something the Democrats refused to do, when they passed the Mills bill.—[Detroit Tribune.]

The year before reciprocity with Cuba we exported to that island \$11,920,214 worth of our products. That treaty was in force one year August 31st, and under it we exported \$19,084,720 worth of American-made goods—an increase of \$7,164,505.—[Indianapolis Journal.]

The census returns show that the capital invested in the great manufacturing industries of Lowell has reached the enormous aggregate of \$40,000,000—nearly doubling in the decade. Here are 40,000,000 excellent reasons why Lowell should repudiate the party of free trade and wildcat money.—[Boston Journal.]

Since all the Democratic leaders differ more or less from one another and the party platform, and seeing that none of them have thought it worth while to propose any definite substitute for existent protective legislation, the assumption that a search for official spoils is the beginning and end of their efforts appears well warranted.—[Pittsburgh Dispatch.]

The people demand honest dollars. They are against the wildcat scheme. They are against any currency plan that will not provide national money in every State the equivalent of gold for all purposes. Not only the argument, but also the tendency of popular opinion is decidedly Republican. The wave of Republican sentiment has been rising; and well-informed Democrats who are capable of candid admit that it will be overwhelming.—[Cincinnati Times-Star.]

"The Humble."
[Monrovia Messenger.]

AYE!

WHY THE SOUTH IS SOLID.

Her Purpose is to Enslave and Degrade

[The following letter has been received by the American Protective Relief League, New York.]

These are times when there should be no drones. With me, charity begins at home. My Bible tells me to care for my neighbors, while Thomas G. Shearman's Bible (see late numbers of Christian Union) tells him we must take care of foreigners in other countries.

My family first, then my town, my State, United States—is my motto. So much has been said already that I do not know if my ideas, as herein expressed, will make one vote; if they should, my time (the vote) will not be lost. I have never heard the reason for the solid South given clearly so all our working people could understand it.

It is said Democracy never changes. Granted. Before the war the South was solid in support of Northern dough-faces, continued in control of the country politically, and held the blacks body and soul in slavery. The South is Democratic still. (Democracy never changes.) Therefore the South is as pro-slavery today as ever, but in the march of civilization and result of the war, the blacks were freed. The South knew the impossibility of ever establishing the ownership of the blacks again, but their present wages, their keep them in slavery is as strong as ever. Now there is no method under the sun open to the solid-South to enslave or pauperize the blacks as long as our tariff remains as now and Northern laborers get their present wages. Hence the labor of the North must be humiliated, pauperized; the tariff being the only medium, it must go, and the solid South calls on the Northern dough-faces (their old allies) to raise your hands; their last ditch. (Democracy never changes.)

Will the laborers of the North paperize themselves to help crush the blacks? He who runs may read. The Democratic handwriting is on the wall. The South is solid in support of the negro question out of this controversy and the South would be for protection, and this word "protection" today represents two-thirds of the Republican principles.

If the solid South is successful in breaking down the tariff, then will the country both politically and commercially. The Northern laborers hold the scepter which can

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King & Co.,
Main st., Los Angeles.

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Drilling Ropes, Pipe
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Hardware Co.,
Ventura Co.

Nov. 14, 189

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Special Correspondence of The Times

Mugwumpery has no boarding-house save the one built on the sandy foundation at all.

What is to become of the men in shops—the workingmen—under management is not stated. Mr. Ste

TRAITS OF FRENCH SERVANTS

English and American "Help."

are wanted. They may be spring
the and kept growing till the fall rains
his in and they will then push forward
an- idly — [Crown Vista, Pasadena.

A Story That Will Be Appreciated by

LONDON BALM CO.
NEW YORK

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS

TABLE 1

The Busy Bee doesn't wait until seasonal goods have gone out of demand to give the public a benefit, but NOW—just when you need them—we give you the cream of an elegant stock to select from at prices that are trade winners every time.

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SECURITY SAVINGS BANK.....

our only business (specialty.) and
antees a perfect fit. Have satisfaction
will satisfy you.

The only house here that grinds
order. Established 1882

S. G. MARSHUTZ. Leading Scien-
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old courthouse. Don't forget the

DIRECTORS:
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General banking. Fire and burglar
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Idolor Louis of San Diego, proprietor of Louis's Opera-house in that city, is in the city. Mr. Louis, in connection with Mr. Rosco of San Francisco, is trying to work a club of money in the theatre district on the coast, and his mission in Los Angeles is to secure a building for this purpose in the city. Mr. Louis is convinced that there is money in the enterprise, and is anxious to communicate with the owners of suitable buildings on Spring or Main streets, and if he can find a suitable one, he will be in the city several days, and will make his headquarters with Jacoby Bros.

PUBLIC WORKS.
Recommendations Adopted by the Board at Yesterday's Meeting.
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Recommend that the petition from M. J. McGraw et al., be filed, as we have ordered the sidewalks placed as petitioned for. Recommend that the petition from the Board of Public Works, for the removal of dirt road up Tennessee street, between Eighth and sixteenth streets, and Santa Fe avenue, between Seventh and Eighteenth streets, and Alhambra street, between Chestnut street and a point 200 feet east of the river.

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AFTER "STUFFERS."

Still Looking Up Fraudulent Registrations.

A Large Number of New Names Added to the List.

The Method in Which the Investigation is Conducted.

One Arrest by the Federal Officials Yesterday—A Case in Which There Does Not Appear to Be Any Doubt.

The Republican County Central Committee is keeping up the work of investigating fraudulent registration, and a large number of additional names have been investigated, and where the persons could not be located the data concerning their registration has been looked up and put in convenient form for reference, and when they put in an appearance at the polls they will be required to explain the discrepancies. If they can do this they will be allowed to vote; if not, they will be promptly placed under arrest, a charge of illegal registration will be placed against them, and they can then make their defense in court, remaining in jail in the meantime if they cannot furnish bail. For instance, if John Smith, a man say six feet high, having red hair and light eyes, and residing at a certain number, as shown on the Great Register, should show up at the polls with black hair, several inches short of his registered height, and with dark eyes, he would be required to explain these differences in his make-up, or stand a pretty good chance of being arrested forthwith. Then, too, should a man show up at the polls answering the description as given in the Great Register, and gives as his place of residence a number which does not exist, he will also be required to give a satisfactory explanation of how he was so absconded as to give a vacant lot as his place of abode, or tell why no one ever heard of him at the place indicated, in case there is a habitable building at the number given.

The method of investigation so far pursued, while very simple, is very efficacious. In the case of a "suspect" a man is given ten days to appear at the Great Register and explain his registration. If everything is regular nothing more is done in this case. Should no such person be found at the number given, or should the place of residence turn out to be a vacant lot, all the records connected with the case are looked up. The name of the man, the deputy who registered him, etc., are noted, and the name is added to the list of fraudulent voters.

Some people seem to think that the exposures in regard to fraudulent registrations reflect, to a certain extent, on the County Clerk. This is not the case, however. Mr. Ward appointed special deputies for the purpose of registration, and in a usual way, in the recommendation of the County Central Committee of the several parties, and these recommendations are now on file in his office. If these men did not do their duty, he is not to blame, as specific instructions were given them, and they were printed in full on their registration books. As to the deputies, the presumption is that they did what they considered to be their duty, although in some instances the discrepancy between the appearance of the men and their official description is such as to prove gross carelessness, if nothing more, beyond doubt.

The work of investigation will continue up to the day of election, and every effort will be made to catch fraudulent voters and punish them.

AN EXTREME CASE.
Hugh Hayes, a burly red-headed laborer, fully six feet tall and proportionately heavy, was arrested by Deputy United States Marshal Marsh yesterday afternoon upon a warrant issued by Commissioner Van Dyke charging him with having illegally registered upon two occasions, and in default of bonds in the sum of \$500 was remanded to the County Jail to await examination, which was set for Monday next.

Hayes was first registered on August 12 last, by Deputy County Clerk J. L. Sickling, his certificate being filed out as follows: Name, Hugh Hayes; age, 51; height, 5 feet 9½ inches; complexion, dark; eyes, brown; hair, dark; occupation, stonemason; where born, Pennsylvania; ward, Second; residence, Olympia House, West First street.

His next appearance was before Deputy County Clerk G. H. Buckingham on August 16, when he was described as follows: Name, Hugh Hayes; age, 51; height, 5 feet 9½ inches; complexion, dark; eyes, brown; hair, black; occupation, stonemason; where born, New York; ward, Eighth; residence, No. 150 North Main street.

In both cases Hayes made his mark in lieu of signing the certificates.

Frank Flint, in his official capacity as Chief Supervisor of Election yesterday addressed a communication asking cooperation in suppressing fraudulent voting to the chairman of each of the various committees, as follows: C. F. A. Last, chairman Democratic County Central Committee; Charles Silent, chairman Republican County Central Committee; J. E. C. chairman Republican Congressional Committee; Sixth Congress District; B. W. Batchelor, chairman People's Party Central Committee; George S. Patton, chairman Democratic Congressional Committee; Sixth Congress District; George J. Denis, chairman Auxiliary Democratic State Central Committee. The communication is as follows:

OFFICE OF CHIEF SUPERVISOR OF ELECTION, LOS ANGELES (CAL.), NOV. 4, 1892.
Dear Sir: My attention has been called to the charge that there have been many fraudulent registrations in this county, and I am also informed that you are chairman of these fraudulent registrations have been communicated to your committee, and as it is my duty by the statutes of the United States to cause the names of those whose right to register or vote at the election November 8, 1892, is honestly doubtful, to be verified by proper inquiry and examination, it will be of great service to me in the discharge of my duty to be furnished such information in regard to any alleged violation of the registration

election laws as it is in your power to give, with view to the institution of the proper inquiry and examination, and, wherever the laws have been violated, the punishment of the guilty parties. Respectfully yours,
FRANK B. FLINT,
Chief Supervisor.

The Bordeaux Mixture.
(Rural New Yorker.)
Many are deterred from using such fungicides as the Bordeaux mixture because the formula is not expressed in a simple way. The bother of making and applying it is exaggerated. "An ounce of copper sulphate and an ounce of lime to one gallon of water" is a formula that commends itself for simplicity, and no one is restrained from making and using such a mixture by an oppressive sense that there is a lot of care, time and fussing required. An ounce of lime is perhaps more than is needed. Three-quarters of an ounce would, no doubt, serve every purpose as well.

He Couldn't Leave.
(Life.)
"Why were you so cross to your husband at breakfast?"
"Just couldn't help it. I felt as if I must scold at somebody or burst. Just physical irritability, you know—and then everything went wrong. Breakfast was late, the steak burnt and the coffee thin and cakes heavy."

"Then why didn't you scold the cook?"
"Oh, I couldn't. She'd leave."

Mosgrove's Dressmaking!
This department is under the management of the most experienced and thorough cutter and sewer on this coast. For perfection of fit, style, and originality of design, she is without a peer. Tourists can have their gowns made in one day's time, and be assured of satisfaction. Mourning suits given special attention. Bring your own material, or you can make a selection from a high and exclusive class of novelty dress patterns from my stock. Prices as low as any first-class costumer.

MOSGROVE'S
T. E. LEADING
Cloak and Suit House,
119 S. Spring-st., adjoining the Naueau Hotel, Los Angeles, Cal.

PIONEER TRUCK CO.
NO. 3 MARKET STREET.
Piano, Furniture and Safe Moving, Baggage and freight delivered promptly to address.
TELEPHONE 137.

Boys!
Today... THE...
Pony and Cart and the Kentucky Saddle Horse
—WILL BE IN OUR—
Middle Window.

London Clothing Co.
Headquarters for Overcoats
Corner Spring and Temple-sts.

Cleveland Cook Book,
of seventy-five pages, contains 400 recipes by practical housekeepers, also original recipes by
Marion Harland,
Mrs. Rorer,
Mrs. Dearborn,
Mrs. Lincoln,
Miss Parlow,
Ellis R. Parlor,
and other leading teachers of cookery. A book for every day use.
Mailed Free to any lady sending stamp and address to
CLEVELAND BAKING POWDER CO.,
81 & 83 FULTON ST., NEW YORK.

Please name this paper.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

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Boys!
Today... THE...
Pony and Cart and the Kentucky Saddle Horse
—WILL BE IN OUR—
Middle Window.

London Clothing Co.
Headquarters for Overcoats
Corner Spring and Temple-sts.

Cleveland Cook Book,
of seventy-five pages, contains 400 recipes by practical housekeepers, also original recipes by
Marion Harland,
Mrs. Rorer,
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Ellis R. Parlor,
and other leading teachers of cookery. A book for every day use.
Mailed Free to any lady sending stamp and address to
CLEVELAND BAKING POWDER CO.,
81 & 83 FULTON ST., NEW YORK.

Please name this paper.

native of this State, 18 years of age, were duly licensed to wed by the County Clerk yesterday. Both are residents of Verdugo.

The dog poisoning in the vicinity of the corner of Broadway and Broadway continues. Four more men mourn the loss of their canine pets, and if the parties who are doing the work can be located, there is liable to be trouble over the matter.

The usual monthly meeting of the King's Daughters will be held this afternoon at the parlors of the First Methodist Church on Broadway, exercises commencing at 2:30 sharp. A lay sermon from Mrs. Ois. is anticipated. A large attendance is desired.

Deputy Registration Clerk Lennox denies that he registered W. H. McKee of No. 634 San Julian street, as credited to him in the publication. Mr. Lennox kept a duplicate list of all his registrations, and the name does not appear on it. This registration was made by another clerk.

Idolor Louis of San Diego, proprietor of Louis's Opera-house in that city, is in the city. Mr. Louis, in connection with Mr. Rosco of San Francisco, is trying to work a club of money in the theatre district on the coast, and his mission in Los Angeles is to secure a building for this purpose in the city. Mr. Louis is convinced that there is money in the enterprise, and is anxious to communicate with the owners of suitable buildings on Spring or Main streets, and if he can find a suitable one, he will be in the city several days, and will make his headquarters with Jacoby Bros.

PUBLIC WORKS.
Recommendations Adopted by the Board at Yesterday's Meeting.
The Board of Public Works met yesterday, when the following recommendations were adopted for submission to the Council Monday.

Recommend that the petition from M. J. McGraw et al., be filed, as we have ordered the sidewalks placed as petitioned for. Recommend that the petition from the Board of Public Works, for the removal of dirt road up Tennessee street, between Eighth and sixteenth streets, and Santa Fe avenue, between Seventh and Eighteenth streets, and Alhambra street, between Chestnut street and a point 200 feet east of the river.

Recommend that the petition from P. W. Canan, in regard to the removal of dirt road on First street, near Ohio street, be referred to the City Engineer and Street Superintendent. Recommend that the petition from R. W. Poindester be filed, as to the matter asked for has been acted upon.

Recommend that the petition from George H. Hutchinson et al., in regard to establishing the grade on London street intersecting Alhambra street, be referred to the City Engineer for the presentation of the necessary ordinance. Recommend that the petition from Frank C. Young for Council in order to allow a sidewalk laid on both sides of Flower street, between First and Sixth streets, be referred back to petitioner for additional signatures.

Recommend that the Street Superintendent be instructed to lay cross walks at the following points: On the west side of Fickett street, across Michigan on north side of Michigan; across Fickett street; on north side of Pennsylvania avenue, across Fickett street; on west side of Fickett street across Pennsylvania avenue; across East First street opposite school house; on both sides of East first street across Matthews street; on the east side of Cummings across Pennsylvania avenue; across Lopez street on the north side of Pleasant avenue; across Michigan avenue on the east side of Pleasant avenue; across Alta street on south side of Downey avenue; across Mozart street, across Seventh street on each side of Broadway; across Georgia Bell on south side of Eleventh street; across Pearl street to east car track; across Elizabeth street on north side of Date; across Date street on the east side of Macy street; across Flower street on the south side of Sixth street.

Recommend that the City Engineer present ordinance to grade the intersection of First and Hill streets.

Recommend that the Street Superintendent be instructed to notify the Los Angeles Consolidated Electric Railway Company to pull their tracks to the official grade between Hill and Olive streets on Second street.



No Credit!—No Leaks!

The steady increase of sales in our house is a true indication of popularity. We are making great efforts to meet the growing demands of our trade. Better grades, finer wares in every department, has been the constant cry from this end, New York has been answering our appeal, and every day sees this house vying in grade and selection with the finest stocks in the United States. We are attracting the finest trade. New customers are added to our list, and those that come aver that constant will be their custom. No credit is ever done in this house; this speaks volumes; it means no losses; the smallest gain retained; no leaks anywhere. It's no wonder to thinkers that proper prices prevail—they can with less effort than those that credit.

Dress Goods
DEPT.
4500 yards all-wool Novelty Suitings, 40 inches wide and all wool, the choicest goods that the market affords, will be offered for sale at.....

49c a yd.
2700 yards all-wool Storm Serges, 40 inches wide, in all the leading colors, a splendid weight and superior quality, will be offered for sale at....

75c a yd.
1500 yards all-wool, fancy weave Storm Serges, 44 inches wide, a very desirable material which has caught the popular fancy this season, will be sold for.....

95c a yd.
700 yards changeable Surah Silks of a very fine quality all the combination of colors will be sold for.....

75c a yd.
1100 yards Taffeta Velours, 40 in. wide, a fabric which has been greatly admired this season; we have it in all the leading shades, and it will be sold for.....

\$1.00 a yd.
2000 yards fine French Broadcloths, 54 inches wide; we carry a large line of colors, and consider these goods the best value ever placed on the counter; they will be sold for.....

\$1.50 a yd.
Window Specials.
Table Damask, 60 in. wide.....45c yd
Suede Gloves.....75c
Driving Gauntlets.....75c
36 in. half-wool Dress Goods.....20c
Dress Gingham.....5½c yd
Bed Comforters.....\$1.98
Ladies' fast black Hose.....15c pair
Persian Shawls.....\$1.45
Hemstitched, open-work Handkerchiefs.....10c each
Damask Towels.....15c
Fur-trimmed Jackets.....\$5.00
Unbleached Muslin.....5c yd
Ladies' Merino Vests.....45c
Lace Curtains, 3½ yds. long.....\$1.50
Plush Tildies.....15c
Muslin Gowns.....60c
Children's Black Hose.....8½c pair

Cloak Dept.
The smallest but the busiest in this city. Right goods at proper prices is our motto. It is no common occurrence to hear a customer say that so and so asked me \$5.00 more than you do for the same jacket, but that is nothing new to us; we know it all along; they are all the same; make all you can of their motto. It is just the opposite with us; we figure how close we can sell them; we don't blow about the high prices others ask and then do the same thing ourselves. Our prices speak for themselves.

\$2.00 each.
Ladies' black Cloth Jackets; these are some we had left from our \$4.00 line, and to close them out we will let them go at this price.

\$5.00 each.
Ladies' black Beaver Jackets, nicely trimmed and faced three inches with fur or Astrakhan; a decided bargain which is worth \$8.00.

\$7.50 each.
Ladies' tan Chevron Jackets, fur-trimmed and faced, half satin lined and full length; this is the best value ever offered by any house in this county, as these garments readily bring \$15.00.

\$10.00 each.
Ladies' light tan Melton Jackets, fur-trimmed and faced, half satin lined and full length; this is the best value ever offered by any house in this county, as these garments readily bring \$15.00.

\$12.00 each.
Ladies' medium tan-colored Melton Jackets, shawl collar of beaver and

edged with beaver down front, ornamented with pearl buttons and half satin lined; others ask for this garment \$20.00.

Men's Underwear.
Men's natural wool Undershirts and Drawers.....\$1.00.
Men's medium-weight Undershirts and Drawers, dark and light.....75c.
Men's blue-mixed merino Undershirts and Drawers.....40c.
Men's Flannelette Shirts, pleated bosoms.....49c.
Men's twilled working shirts.....65c.
Boys' Flannelette Shirts, fancy stripes.....25c.
White unlaundered Shirts.....49c.
Finer unlaundered

ELEVENTH YEAR.

LOS ANGELES, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1892.—TWELVE PAGES.

PRICE: 1 SINGLE COPY, 5 CENTS.

Natural
Herb
Doctor.

DR. HONG SOI,

Physician
and
Surgeon.

317 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

DR. HONG SOI has graduated and received his diploma from the medical schools and Universities in Canton, and made his first professional practice for many years in the hospitals of Canton and Hong Kong, China. He is the sixth of a generation of doctors in his family and has made thorough studies of all diseases of the human body. The doctor has had wide experience as a physician, and during his long stay of six years in Los Angeles has made many skillful cures. The doctor cures CONSUMPTION, RHEUMATISM, ASTHMA, CATARRH, SICK HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, WAKEFULNESS, NERVOUS TROUBLES, AND ALL DISEASES that the human body is heir to, by this herb medicine. Freshly prepared every day. It would be a benefit to those who are in trouble with sickness to give him a fair trial; his terms are very reasonable. The doctor uses a thousand kinds of medicine which he directly imports from China. Hundreds of voluntary testimonials from patients who have been cured by the doctor can be shown at his office. Please remember the above address and preserve this advertisement.

Retiring from Business

Boots and Shoes
AT COST!

A. S. McDonald will sell his valuable stock of Boots and Shoes at the lowest possible rate. Encumbered city property has been exchanged for country property, hence a change of residence is an imperative necessity, and the boot and shoe business must go.

This is No Advertising Dodge

The records will prove the statement. Call at

118 N. SPRING-ST.

And get the best value for the least money. Fixtures will be disposed of with the stock.

Sepia Portraits for the Holidays.



Acurate and Artistic.

Sepia Portraits made direct from life or from old photographs, platinotypes, porcelains, transparencies.

Highest Awards received at the Sixth District Fair held October, 27th & 28th, 1892. Highest Award received at the Sixth District Fair held October, 27th & 28th, 1892. Highest Award received at the Photographers' Association of America, Boston, 1890; Buffalo, 1891; the unquestionable authority for superiority.

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WROUGHT GAS AND WATER PIPE

LOS ANGELES, CAL.

FOR A FINE
Phaeton or Buggy
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"Kauffman!"

Our line of Bureaus, Harness and Wagons is complete and we challenge comparison with any in the market for quality and price.



Mathews & Bosbyshell Co.,

120, 122 and 124 S. Los Angeles-st., Los Angeles, Cal.

Sittings Made and Pictures Finished Promptly!

—We Defy Competition in—

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HANCOCK BANNING,

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COAL.

AND Catalina Soapstone Wall Finish.

This material is Fire proof, has a beautiful tint, and can be washed without injury.

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The Latest Photographic Success.

BEING first to introduce Aristo Photos in this city, we will make the Cabinet size for a few premiums and diplomas awarded DEWEY at last Fair. Babies, Children's and Family Groups a specialty. Developing and Printing for amateurs.

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THE COURTS.

Another Counterfeiter in the United States Court.

Trial of James Murphy of Fresno Before Judge Ross.

A Heavy Damage Suit Over Some Poisoned Sheep.

Leon Garza Wants \$5000 for the Loss of His Flock—Juan Canedo Habeas Corpus Proceedings—General Court Notes.

The second trial of the case against James Murphy, charged with having uttered a number of counterfeit dollars at Fresno, was commenced before Judge Ross and a jury in the United States District Court yesterday, the Government being represented by United States District Attorney Allen, while Messrs. J. B. Dunlap and Stephen G. Long appeared for the defendant.

The jurors selected to try the case were W. C. Blagden, B. Conneland, F. W. Van G. W. Durfee, Joseph P. Cus, E. K. Green, F. Hamm, J. C. Hanna, John Lovell, N. H. Prescott, H. J. Shoulters and E. P. Sutherland.

Eleven witnesses were examined upon each side, their testimony in the main being merely a repetition of that offered on the former trial a few weeks ago.

It was, however, extracted from the defendant upon cross-examination that he had served a term of three years for highway robbery in the Salem penitentiary, and had also been imprisoned in the San Francisco County Jail for six months for perjury.

At the close of the testimony the case was partially argued, and went over until this morning.

SUIT OVER POISONED SHEEP.
The trial of the case of Leon Garza vs. C. C. Steele et al., an action to recover \$5000 damages, was commenced before Judge Van Dyke and a jury in Department Four yesterday, the plaintiff being represented by Horace Bell, Esq., and the defendants by George M. Holton, Esq.

The jurors selected and sworn to try the case were O. B. Allen, G. A. Barron, G. T. Brown, J. H. Coleman, M. H. Green, C. Heath, R. A. Hoyt, C. Lindley, J. R. Porter, M. Remley, C. O. Stone and T. Wardall.

The plaintiff alleged that he was the owner of a part of the Repetto ranch, three miles east of this city, and was engaged in the business of sheep-raising, and that on January 25 last plaintiff maliciously put out a quantity of poison, which caused the death of 150 head of fine ewes, to his damage in the sum of \$5000.

The defendant, on the other hand, denied this allegation, and by way of counter-claim alleged that plaintiff willfully drove his sheep and horses on to his part of the Repetto ranch, destroying grain and other crops to his damage in the sum of \$5000.

Six witnesses were examined for the plaintiff, and at the close of their testimony the defendants moved the Court for judgment on nonsuit, which was denied. The defense then proceeded to introduce its testimony, but the matter went over until this morning.

Court Notes.
By consent of counsel, the trial of the cases against Al. How et al., charged with playing and conducting a fan-tan game, was postponed by Judge Smith yesterday morning until November 14 next.

Pursuant to stipulation filed therein, the trial of the damage suit of Anton Buhler vs. F. A. Thompson was continued by Judge Clark yesterday morning to be reset.

Judge Wade yesterday morning tried the case of Eliza B. Withers vs. V. G. Baker et al., an action to foreclose a mortgage on lot 6 of the Williams Home tract for \$1428.24, and, by consent of the defendant therein, ordered a decree in favor of the plaintiff as prayed for.

The defendants in the case of W. Blythe vs. J. C. Duncan et al., an action to foreclose a mortgage on eight lots in the South Los Angeles tract for \$400, having allowed the matter to go by default, Judge Wade yesterday morning ordered a decree in favor of the plaintiff therein as prayed for.

A similar order was made by Judge Wade in the case of the Main Street Savings Bank and Trust Company vs. J. W. Scarborough et al., an action to foreclose a mortgage for \$1000 on ten lots in block B of the Montana tract, the defendants being in default.

The jury in the case of S. M. Sevier vs. J. C. Whittington et al. returned a verdict for the plaintiff therein for the sum of \$350 actual damages and \$150 exemplary damages, and also found for the defendants upon their cross-claim in the sum of \$50; and Judge Van Dyke ordered further consideration of the case deferred until Wednesday next.

Upon motion of the plaintiff in the case of S. S. Chaffer vs. G. O. Green et al., an action to foreclose a mortgage, Judge Shaw yesterday appointed J. O. Thomas as receiver therein, his bond being fixed in the sum of \$300.

Judge Shaw yesterday morning heard the case of Emil d'Artois vs. Walter L. Webb, which was appealed from the City Justice Court, and the respondent failing to appear, judgment was ordered for the defendant therein, thereby reversing that of the lower court.

Juan Caneda, Sr., appeared before Judge Shaw upon a writ of habeas corpus yesterday and applied for his release from the custody of the Sheriff, to whom he had been committed by Justice Gaines of Compton on October 25, to serve out a sentence of ten days in the County Jail and a fine of \$10 for a disturbance of the peace, upon the ground that his term of imprisonment had expired, and the applicant was ordered discharged.

Mrs. Patricia E. Work has instituted proceedings to obtain a divorce from her husband, William Alexander Work.

New Suits.
Among the documents filed with the County Clerk yesterday were the preliminary papers in the following new cases:

Rebecca B. Spring vs. Alvirde V. Locke et al., suit to foreclose a mortgage for \$300 on four lots at Boyle Heights.

E. Bouton et al. vs. Alamos Land Company et al., suit to compel the specific performance of a contract.

Petition of Eugene Elftman for letters of administration to the estate of Eugene Elftman, deceased; who died on

October 31 last, leaving personal property valued at \$1675.

C. S. de Lano vs. Frank B. Alverson, suit to foreclose a chattel mortgage for \$350.

National Bank of California vs. S. S. Watson et al., suit to recover \$300 alleged to be due on a note.

Louise A. Schilling vs. L. Friei et al., suit to recover \$1300 alleged to be due on a note.

Today's Calendar.

U. S. District Court, Judge Ross.

United States vs. James Murphy; uttering counterfeit money; on trial.

Department One—Judge Smith.

People, etc., vs. George Ford; murder; arraignment.

People, etc., vs. Ah Yung; murder; arraignment.

People, etc., vs. W. Paul; perjury; arraignment.

People, etc., vs. Mrs. H. A. Potter; appeal; hearing.

People, etc., vs. Sing Lung; lottery; trial.

People, etc., vs. William Smith; burglary; trial.

People, etc., vs. Robert Black; burglary; sentence.

People, etc., vs. L. Etting and Bert Hadley; robbery; sentence.

Department Two—Judge Clark.

Department Three—Judge Wade.

Department Four—Judge Van Dyke.

Leon Garza vs. C. C. Steele et al.; on trial.

Department Five—Judge Shaw.

W. F. Swartz vs. M. F. Entler; argument.

Department Six—Judge McKinley.

Clear.

RAILROAD AFFAIRS.

What the Terminal People Say About the San Pedro Report.

The Information is Authentic, but Not Official—Arrival of President C. P. Huntington in the City—Trip to Santa Monica.

The report that the Board of United States Engineers, who recently made an exhaustive examination of Santa Monica, Redondo and San Pedro bays, with a view of determining the best location for a deep-sea harbor for Los Angeles, had reported in favor of San Pedro, created quite a stir in railroad and business circles yesterday, and when another report gained currency that the Southern Pacific had purchased the Terminal road, there was a general demand for authentic information on the subject.

To a Times reporter the Terminal officials stated that there was every reason to believe that the report published in THE TIMES, to the effect that San Pedro had been favorably reported upon by the engineers, was correct.

General Manager Burnett, they said, is now in Washington, and it was through him, presumably, that the news was received. The railroad people said that the report was authentic, but declined at this time to give the source of their information. In regard to the purchase of the Terminal by the Southern Pacific, they were positively denied, both by the Terminal and the Southern Pacific people, and probably grew out of the fact that President Huntington and General Manager Towne happened to be in the city.

F. E. Gibson, Esq., attorney for the Terminal Railway Company, was seen last evening by a Times reporter regarding the report that his company had received information from reliable sources to the effect that the Board of Engineers had decided to recommend extensive improvements for San Pedro harbor.

Mr. Gibson admitted that such was the case, but at present the Terminal people were not ready to give their source of information.

The board had decided that San Pedro is the best location for a harbor between San Diego and San Francisco, and they would ask Congress to make a large appropriation, so that work may be pushed to completion as rapidly as possible.

Mr. Gibson was satisfied that General Manager Burnett's source of information was reliable or he never would have made it public.

The Terminal will not remain idle while the harbor improvements are going on, and they will spend large sums of money to make Terminal Island one of the most attractive summer resorts on the coast.

In regard to the report that the Southern Pacific Company is negotiating for the Terminal company's property, Mr. Gibson stated that there is not the slightest foundation for the story. The Terminal property is not for sale, and, so far as he knows, the Southern Pacific people have never thought of making an offer for it.

ARRIVAL OF PRESIDENT HUNTINGTON.
President C. P. Huntington of the Southern Pacific, accompanied by General Manager A. N. Towne, arrived from the North yesterday in his special car. Mr. Huntington spent some hours in consultation with the local officials, and in the afternoon went down to Santa Monica to inspect the company's improvements at that point. He will remain at Santa Monica until today, when he will return to the city, and will probably proceed East this afternoon. Mr. Huntington had nothing of public interest to say. The condition of the road is satisfactory, and the business outlook is encouraging. The plans of the company have been pretty well outlined in the press dispatches, and these will be carried out.

SCRAP HEAP.
Clinton Jones, general agent for the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, at San Francisco, was in the city yesterday, and is looking over Southern California generally. He finds this territory ably taken care of by the local representative of the company.

The date on which the new "Chicago and Los Angeles limited" over the Santa Fe will commence running has been postponed. The date was originally set for the 18th inst., but certain arrangements not yet having been completed, it was found impracticable to commence the service at the time advertised.

A Crazy Man on the Warpath.
E. F. Leroy, an insane man, gave the police a hard chase yesterday morning. He got into his head that the Lord had instructed him to stone somebody to death, so he flled his pockets with rocks and started on the warpath.

After a long run the officers captured him and conducted him to the central station, where he was locked up. After he had cooled down he was sent to the county hospital, where he will be confined until he can be examined by the Commissioners of Lunacy.

Position is everything. When a woman wants to turn a man's head she gets on the right side of him.

FOUND GUILTY.

Charges Against Ellis Sustained by the Presbytery.

He Fought on Technicalities All Along the Line.

A Desperate Effort to Escape the Inevitable Verdict.

Suspended from His Ministerial Functions Until He Shall Give Satisfactory Evidence of Repentance—Lively Proceedings.

Ex-Rev. Ellis, the ministerial fakir, has been convicted by the San Francisco Presbytery of "falsehood and deception," which means, in plain worldly language, "lying," and has been suspended from his ministerial functions until he gives satisfactory evidence of repentance. This result was reached after a three days' trial, in which Ellis did not attempt to make any defense, but resorted to every trick and technicality of which he was capable in order to prevent a verdict being reached, all of which failed, and he was officially branded, as he deserved to be. The detailed account of the final proceedings is from the Examiner of Thursday, as follows:

The trial of Dr. Ellis before the local presbytery on charges of deception and unministerial conduct ended suddenly and spiritedly yesterday.

For three days the accused fenced dexterously with every technicality that offered itself. Yesterday he was thought to have seen a good opportunity to tie up the proceedings by his own motion, and he did so. He gave him every opportunity to offer whatever defense he had, but he flatly refused to present any, and so the conclusion of the court went against him.

Dr. Shearer of the Prosecuting Committee closed his side of the case by getting on record the opinion delivered by Judge Wallace in the famous \$100,000 damage suit brought by Dr. Ellis against the presbytery. This suit is the cause of all the present trouble. The contents of the paper went to show that, according to the ideas of Judge Wallace, Dr. Ellis had no ground for accusing the presbytery of injustice or malice toward him, and further that in becoming a member of the presbytery Dr. Ellis had bound himself to submit to its discipline.

"That finishes our case," concluded Dr. Shearer.

"That I move to dismiss the action," promptly replied Dr. Ellis, but before he could get any further Dr. Shearer swung back with the point that he had no right to make any such motion.

Moderator Faris ruled that he had, and an appeal was taken to the clerkery men present. They upheld Dr. Shearer by a vote of 9 to 8.

That vote produced the strongest feeling manifested in the inquiry. W. E. Smith insisted on expressing himself on the matter, but the moderator, busily scratching his decision on a writing pad, vigorously shook his head and motioned him to sit down.

Dr. Smith kept right on talking just the same, and a number of voices cracked the air. "Sit down, sit down," protested.

"Protest as much as you like," retorted Dr. Smith, indignantly, "but I insist on talking."

"Order, order, order," came in a petting shower from all over the room.

Dr. Ellis regarded the indignation and excitement with a lurking smile.

"If the stated clerk will stop whispering to the moderators and the moderators will possibly hear something that is going on," continued Dr. Smith unflinchingly.

Stout little Dr. Matthews' round, red face took on a purple tinge as he fearlessly eyed the speaker.

"I am six feet from the moderator," he returned, "and such a remark is impertinent."

"Brothers, brothers," cried the moderator sharply, rising to the occasion. He talked for two minutes, and the moment afterwards everybody was shaking hands and insisting that nothing was meant.

Dr. Ellis went about his defense in a way that rather startled those present. His object rather amused them when they understood it. The first witness he called was J. A. Adams.

"Tell us the numerical strength of your church," Dr. Ellis asked the witness.

Dr. Shearer objected to the question. Dr. Ellis went on to explain that among other things he was accused of conduct tending to injure the church. "Now, I propose to show, if the witness will, that since these charges against me were preferred the church has really gained in strength."

He called Dr. Matthews in order to try and make the same point on another ground. He wanted to know something about the growth of the Presbyterian church during the past eight months. Again the question was denied an answer.

Then he called Dr. H. C. Minton of San Rafael, and on his what little defense he had went to pieces. He showed the witness a copy of the charges formulated against him on October 17. Since then they have been amended.

Dr. Shearer looked at the paper and objected to any questions being asked on it, as it was not a true copy of the latest charges.

"The only citation served on me was presented on these old charges," replied the accused. "They are the only ones I recognize. If they are illegal, then I have nothing to defend."

Moderator Faris being appealed to, ruled that as the accused was present when the amendments were made and had consented to them, no further citation was necessary.

"I shall attempt no further defense," Dr. Ellis reached that point. Brother Ellis, where you feel like giving up?" asked Dr. Shearer.

"If you rule out the charges I submitted to the witness," repeated the accused, "I have no defense to make."

It was pointed out to him that he was crawling out of the case through a purely technical hole, and that his act would subvert no good purpose, but he steadfastly refused to alter his determination.

Dr. Shearer in his argument merely read the papers he had presented in the case and asked the judges to be guided by the facts. He closed by asking that if the case was found guilty the very lightest punishment possible might be meted out to him.

When it came Dr. Ellis's turn to argue he pictured himself as a man "stripped of everything and forced to make a barefaced act as he had." His idea was that he had brought the damage suit against the presbytery to vindicate himself in the eyes of the world. He closed with the vehement declaration that no man or body of men could strip him of the crown that God had bestowed upon him.

After being in executive session for several hours the presbytery came in with the following:

Resolved, that the judgment of the presbytery in the case of the Presbyterian Church vs. Rev. J. W. Ellis, D.D., is as follows: That Rev. J. W. Ellis, having been found guilty as charged, is hereby suspended from the exercise of his ministerial office until he give satisfactory evidence of repentance.

"Satisfactory repentance," according to one of the judges, is such repentance or apology as the presbytery may think proper. Dr. Ellis talks of appealing from the judgment to the General Assembly.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The Regular Weekly Meeting of the Directors.

The regular meeting of the board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce took place yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. There were present Directors Wells, McGarvin, Hughes, Forman, Klokke, Freeman and Edwards. President Wells occupied the chair.

After the transaction of routine business, considerable discussion took place on the matter of making Los Angeles a weather observation station of the first class. The Chamber has been working in this direction for some time without apparently attaining any result. It was moved and carried that Gen. McCook be asked to contribute what aid and influence he could to the undertaking.

The secretary read a number of communications with regard to the bills which it is proposed to urge upon the next Legislature, favoring the publication of city and county expenditures and the alteration of the present system of tax sales of real estate for delinquent taxes. The following candidates for the Legislature were recorded as favoring the proposed reforms: J. H. Mathews, W. S. Moore, Seward Cole, M. P. Snyder, F. G. Finlayson, J. C. Hayes, Alfred Moore, C. M. Simpson, Robert N. Bulla. The two latter-named gentlemen referred to that while they might not support the bills as drawn, they would willingly support others of similar tenor. A communication from Mrs. C. W. Pendleton was read explaining that her husband was ill to give attention to the matter at the present time.

It was moved and carried that the weather bulletins be printed and published during the coming winter by the Chamber of Commerce in cooperation with the United States Government.

It was moved and carried that the chair appoint three members of the Board as a special house committee to ascertain what changes and improvements were needed about the hall and the following were appointed as such committee: Directors McGarvin, Edwards and Hughes.

It was moved and carried that the matter of arrangements for the lecture of W. H. Milburn be referred to the first and second Vice-Presidents and the Secretary.

Chairman Wells called attention to the fact that the next Nicaragua Canal Convention would take place in New Orleans in December, and suggested that it was necessary that one of more delegates be appointed to attend this convention. It was decided to defer action in the matter until after the election.

The Board then adjourned.

POLICE BUSINESS.

The First Meeting of the Commission in Two Weeks.

Applications for Saloon Licenses Read and Action Deferred—Charges Against Officers—Demands Allowed—Routine Matters.

The special meeting of the Police Commissioners called for yesterday afternoon was held at 3 o'clock in the Mayor's office. Commissioners Mackey, Snyder, Mayor Hazard and Chief Glass in attendance.

Chief Glass reported 249 arrests for the preceding month, which report was received and filed.

The application of G. Aladino for a saloon license at No. 270 South Main street, was returned without the chief's approval, accompanied by a protest from the Catholic bishop asking that the same be not granted.

Chief Glass reported 249 arrests for the preceding month, which report was received and filed.

The application of G. Aladino for a saloon license at No. 270 South Main street, was returned without the chief's approval, accompanied by a protest from the Catholic bishop asking that the same be not granted.

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